4курс

1. The object and purpose of psychiatry. Definition of mental illness.
2. Symptoms and syndromes of mental illness.
3. Etiology and pathogenesis of alcoholism.
4. Schizofreniya. Etiology. Clinic forms.
5. Diagnosis of substance abuse.
6. General principles of diagnosis of mental illness. Examination of mental patients.
7. Stages of alcoholism, symptoms of the first stage.
8. .Paranoid form of schizophrenia.
9. Alcohol withdrawal syndrome.
10. The value of psychiatric knowledge in the general medical education system.А role of doctor at this stage.
11. Basic principles and methods of treatment of alcoholism.
12. Simple form of schizophrenia.
13. Alcohol psychosis; symptoms and treatment.
14. Definition of delusional ideas, forms of delusion.
15. Supplements of alcohol. Classification. Poisoning symptoms.
16. Gebefrenic form of schizophrenia.
17. Poisoning from methyl alcohol.
18. Obsessions and overvalued ideas.
19. Fetal alcohol syndrom..
20. Catatonic form of schizophrenia.
21. Acute alcohol intoxication, the degree of severity.
22. Depressive syndrome and its variants.
23. Drug abuse and toxicomania. Classification of drugs.
24. Amentia. Twilight disturbance of consciousness.
25. Nicotin addiction. Symptoms, treatment.
26. Alzheimer's disease - etiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis, clinical treatment
27. Opioid addiction, intoxication phase, withdrawal syndrome.
28. Kandinsky-Clerambault sindrom.
29. Sleeping pills addiction, intoxication phase, withdrawal syndrome.
30. Mental disorders in AIDS.
31. Stimulating (“up drug”) addiction, intoxication phase, withdrawal syndrome.
32. Mental changes in cerebral atherosclerosis.
33. Hallucinogen addiction, intoxication, withdrawal syndrome.
34. Senile dementia.
35. Cannabinoid addiction, intoxication, development, withdrawal syndrome.
36. Psihopathy - etiology, diagnostic criteria
37. Etiology and pathogenesis of alcohol abuse.
38. Reactive psychosis.
39. Toxicology laboratory. Purpose, work and structure.
40. Mental changes in brain tumors. Mental disorders in brain tumors factors.
41. Main strategies for preventing alcohol and drug abuse.
42. Memory disorders.
43. Main directions of the rehabilitation of alcohol and drug addiction.
44. Epilepsy - etiology, development, symptoms
45. Toxicological significance of alcohol and drug diagnostic and treatment.
46. Intellectual activity disoders. Forms of dementia.
47. Acute alcohol intoxication – scheme of examimation.
48. Bipolar affective disorder.
49. Stages of alcohol abuse, symptoms of the second stage.
50. Mania. Disease-related manias.
51. Stages of alcohol abuse, symptoms of the third stage.
52. Mental changes in acute brain injury
53. The role of general practitioners in prevention of addiction.
54. Hallucinations, their classification.
55. The role of general practitioners in rehabilitation of patients with problems of addiction.
56. Progressive palsy - a stage form.
57. Chemical addictions risk groups.
58. Deliry and oneiric.
59. Kinds of alcohol abuse preventions
60. Psichogeny - the principles of diagnostic classification.